Prescribing Information

Please consult the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC) before prescribing.

Malarone Tablets (250mg atovaquone/100mg proguanil hydrochloride) and Malarone Paediatric Tablets (62.5mg atovaquone/25mg proguanil hydrochloride). Uses: *Malarone*: Prophylaxis of Plasmodium falciparum malaria and treatment of acute, uncomplicated P. falciparum malaria, especially where pathogen may be resistant to one or more other antimalarial agents. Malarone Paediatric: Prophylaxis of P. falciparum malaria in individuals weighing 11-40 kg. Treatment of acute, uncomplicated, P. falciparum malaria (children \geq 5kg and <11kg). **Dosage:** Take once daily at the same time each day with food or a milky drink. Malarone Paediatric tablets: crush and mix with food or a milky drink if necessary. Prophylaxis: Start 24-48 hours prior to entering a malaria-endemic area, continue during the period of the stay and for 7 days after leaving the area. Adults and children >40kg: 1 Malarone (250/100mg) tablet daily; 31-40 kg: 3 Malarone Paediatric (62.5/25mg) tablets daily; 21-30 kg: 2 Malarone Paediatric tablets daily; 11-20 kg: 1 Malarone Paediatric tablet daily. Treatment: Take as a single dose for three consecutive days. Adults and children >40kg: 4 Malarone (250/100mg) tablets; 31-40kg: 3 Malarone tablets; 21-30kg: 2 Malarone tablets; 11-20kg: 1 Malarone tablet. Children 9-10kg: 3 Malarone Paediatric (62.5/25 mg) tablets; 5-8kg: 2 Malarone Paediatric tablets. Contraindications: Hypersensitivity to any ingredient; creatinine clearance < 30mL/min if for prophylaxis. Precautions: Repeat dose if vomiting within 1 hour of dosing. Treatment: Consider alternative therapy in acute malaria presenting with diarrhoea or vomiting. In patients with severe renal impairment (creatinine clearance <30 mL/min) alternatives to Malarone for treatment of acute P. falciparum malaria should be recommended whenever possible. Use additional agents to treat P. vivax or P. ovale. In the event of recrudescent infections due to P. falciparum after treatment with Malarone, or failure of chemoprophylaxis with Malarone paediatric tablets, patients should be treated with a different blood schizonticide as such events can reflect a resistance of the parasite. May cause dizziness; caution if affected. Occasional severe allergic reactions (including anaphylaxis); discontinue promptly

and initiate appropriate treatment. Parasitaemia should be closely monitored in patients on concurrent tetracycline. Caution advised when initiating and withdrawing prophylaxis/treatment with Malarone in patients on continuous treatment with warfarin and other coumarin based anticoagulants. Interactions: Concomitant administration of Malarone and efavirenz or boosted protease inhibitors should be avoided whenever possible. Co-administration with rifampicin and rifabutin is not recommended. Concomitant use of metoclopramide is not recommended and another antiemetic should be given instead. Increased etoposide plasma concentration in children taking atovaquone and caution advised with concomitant use. Tetracycline reduces atovaquone levels. Pregnancy & Lactation: Pregnancy: The potential risk during pregnancy is unknown. So the use of Malarone tablets should only be considered if the expected benefit to mother outweighs any potential risk to foetus. For women of childbearing age receiving folate supplements to prevent neural tube birth defects, such supplements should be continued while taking Malarone paediatric tablets. Lactation: Should not be taken. Adverse reactions: See SPC for full details. Very common: headache, GI symptoms. Common: anaemia, neutropenia, allergic reactions, hyponatraemia, anorexia, abnormal dreams, depression, insomnia, dizziness, elevated liver enzymes, pruritus, rash, fever, cough. Serious: Palpitations, tachycardia, hepatitis, hallucinations, pancytopenia, angioedema, anaphylaxis, vasculitis, neuropsychiatric disorders, seizure, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, skin exfoliation, photosensitivity reactions. Legal category: POM. Presentation and basic NHS cost: Malarone Tablets. 12, £25.21. Malarone Paediatric Tablets. 12, £6.26. MA numbers: PL 10949/0258, PL 10949/0363. MA holder: Glaxo Wellcome UK Ltd trading as GlaxoSmithKline UK, 980 Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex, TW8 9GS. For further information, please contact the GSK Customer Contact Centre: customercontactuk@gsk.com, freephone 0800 221 441. Malarone is a registered trademark of the GlaxoSmithKline group of companies. Date of preparation: November 2023. Ref: PI-2431 (V5).

Adverse events should be reported. Reporting forms and information can be found at <u>https://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk</u> or search for MHRA Yellowcard in the Google Play or Apple App store. Adverse events should also be reported to GlaxoSmithKline on 0800 221 441.